Traps – Advanced Endpoint Protection

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Harsh Reality



91 % increase in targeted attacks in 2013



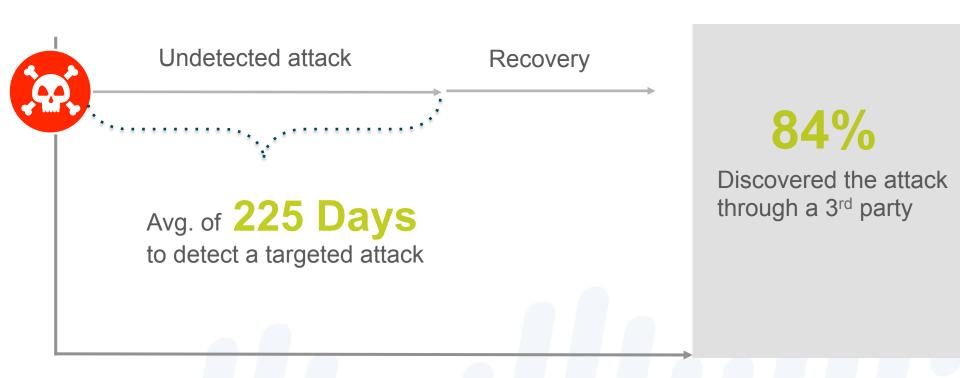
78% of exploit kits utilize vulnerabilities less than 2 years old



71% of breaches involve a targeted user device



The cost of a detection-only strategy



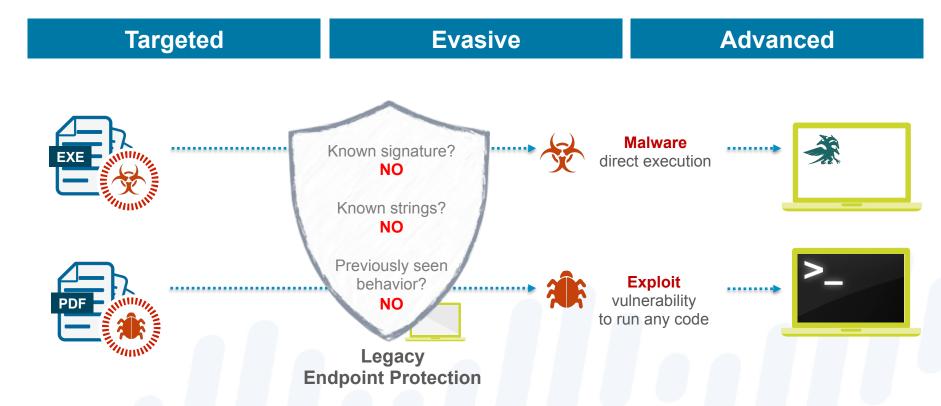
6 Months

9 Months



3 Months

The failures of traditional approaches





Introducing Traps

The right way to deal with advanced cyber threats

Prevent Exploits

Including zero-day exploits



Prevent Malware

Including advanced & unknown malware



Collect Attempted-Attack Forensics

For further analysis



Scalable & Lightweight

Must be user-friendly and cover complete enterprise



Integrate with Network and Cloud Security

For data exchange and crossed-organization protection





Block the core techniques – not the individual attacks



Software Vulnerability Exploits

Thousands of new vulnerabilities and exploits a year



Exploitation Techniques

Only 2-4 new exploit techniques a year



Malware

Millions of new malware every year

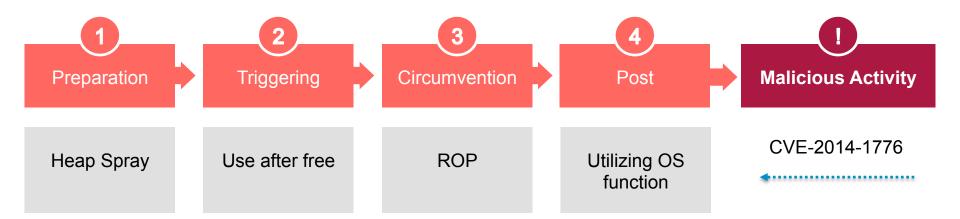


Malware Techniques

10's – 100's of new malware sub-techniques every year



Exploit prevention – Clandestine Fox

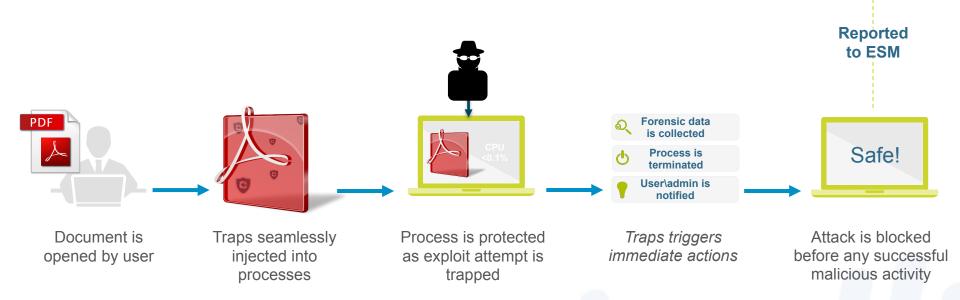


Prevention of one technique in the chain will block the entire attack





Exploit prevention – how it works



When an exploitation attempt is made, the exploit hits a "trap" and fails before any malicious activity is initiated.



Malware prevention

Policy-Based Restrictions



Limit surface area of attack control source of file installation

WildFire Inspection



Prevent known malware with cloud-based integration

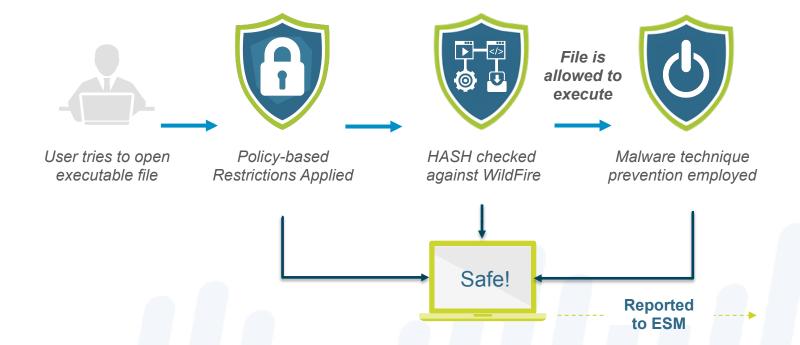
Malware Techniques Mitigation



Prevent unknown malware with technique-based mitigation



Malware prevention – how it works





Ongoing attack-triggered forensics



Ongoing recording



- Time of execution
- File name
- File HASH
- User name
- Computer name
- IP address
- OS version
- File's malicious history

- Any interference with Traps service

- Traps Process shutdown attempt
- Traps Service shutdown attempt
- Related system logs



Exploit or malware hits a "trap" and triggers real-time collection

Attack-related forensics

- Time stamp
- Triggering File (non executable)
- File source
- Involved URLs\URI
- Prevented exploitation technique
- IP address
- OS version
- Version of attempted vulnerable software
- All components loaded to memory under attacked process
- Full memory dump
- Indications of further memory corruption activity
- User name and computer name



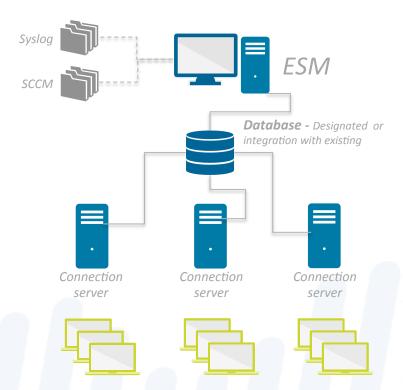
Endpoint Security Manager (ESM)

3-tier management structure

- ESM platform
- Database
- Connection server
 (each supports ~10,000 endpoints -scales horizontally)

All-in-one management center

- Configuration management
- Logging and DB query
- Admin dashboard and security overview
- Forensics captures
- Integration configuration



PCs, servers, VMs, VDI, Citrix session, thin client, embedded



Coverage and system requirements

Supported operating systems

Workstations

- Windows XP SP3
- Windows 7
- Windows 8.1

Servers

- Windows Server 2003
- Windows Server 2008 (+R2)
- Windows Server 2012 (+R2)



Footprint

- 25 MB
- 0.1% CPU
- Very Low I\O







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